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Forwarded herewith are two articles with translations concerning CIA activities around the world. Attachment 2 contains a strong rebuttal by Joergen SCHLEIMABN against the charges regarding the Congress for Cultural Freedom made in Attachment 1. SCHLEIMANN and Frank OSVALD, the author of Attachment 1, are not on speaking terms which undoubtedly contributed to the harshness of their exchange.

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Attachment: 1 & 2, h/w

25X1A2D1 2 - w/atts (orig)
3 - EUR. w/atts
25X1A2D1 1 - w/atts



27 May 1966

14 15 May 1966

### The Dla's Sucrealistic Studies In the Field

Foreigh Affairs, issued by the Council on Foreign Relations in New York four times a year, is the most distinguished of all American periodicals, that occupy themselves with foreign politics. The paper prefers state leaders, grominent persons with adademic degrees, and public personalities as contributors. The editorial staff declare itself for independent of all political interests.

Thus the last edition of foreign Affairs contains a Rhodesia article by Fresident fullus Myerere of Tanzania, contributions by President Bourguiba of Tunesia and by the French Socialist president candidate, Caston Defferre. The head article is titled "The Faceless Vietcong", and its writer is described as an independent Asia expert with an academic background, among whose works is mentioned a book bout "Esthetics and the Problem of Importance".

signat is not mentioned is the fact, that George A. Carver is a permanent employee the Central Intelligence Agency. This fact throws a doubtful light over the The Claim that the South Vietnamene National Liberation Front is nothing but Borth Vietnamese Communist Party's prolonged arm and tool in its fight for gaining control with the whole Vietnam. It does not surprise, that this extremely conthe ial claim expresses the Cla's opinion. It is also the opinion of the governand about which there at resent is a bitter conflict between The white House the Congress' foreign political committee, headed by Senator Fulbright. The Augusticle is an open extempt to influence the American epition, and there-Antibirations with the law, according to which the CIA's society field lies 

Mark to the Course of the Cour the reals the lacking public control of the United States summanageance intelliappearing. Therefore Senator Fulbright and his colleague Engage McCarthy have special new search of the CIA's part in American foreign policy and that the Con-

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# The New York Times 1 25,000 Words

This latest OLA scandal comes at a time, when Washington's James Bond center, already is exposed to a wave of more and less serious publicity. The most weighty contribution is a series of articles of a total of 25,000 words in The New York. Times which is the most satisfactory analysis since the book "The Invisible Government" was published a few years ago. Contrary to the book, the paper avoids the sensational information, giving a more balanced—and better documented—description of both the Cla's success and catastrophes than the bestseller from 1964. But also on a more popular level is the ClA good stuff again: thus the men's magazine, the Fsquire, has revealed the names of the ClA's section chiefs held secret and their (often poor) qualifications.

The New York Times' five full-page articles tell mainly about the CIA's well-known achievements, from the action against Mossadeq in Iran in 1953 and the Guatemals obuy in 1954 (which the paper counts as successes) to the fatal Swine Bay invalid in 1961. However, the paper's reporters have worked more thoroughly than most of fiber predecessors and have examined a number of less noticed spisodes. They are often characterized by an almost horridging tenhnical inventiveness combined with complete misunderstanding of the intelligence service's assignments.

She called Cuban sugar, which they impregnated with a bad tasting, but harmless, stuff to preate a break between Moscow and Haband. This happened, while Khrushchev was busy Installing rockets in Cuba. Kennedy luckily but a stop to the adventure.

when Singapore became independent, the CIA decided to take over the British MI-6 part as an espionage center. An expert was sent out to recruit agents, armed with the United States' secret weapon, a lie detector, However, when the expert switched on the apparatus, he burned all the fuses in the hotel and thus revealed himself. It was noring the succeeding scandal that the CIA offered Singapore's Frime Minister, Lee Kuan Yew, a bribe of 230 million kroner to forget the case.

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# Health Standing Lone

The New York Times' most surrealist example originates from Vienna, where CIA people "inflittrated" a clinic for overseas diplomats and statesmen. The agents performed their ben medical examinations and collected specimens of urine from the promining bettents to get an insight in their health and chances of survival. Sukarno, this streament, and Indo-China's ex-emperor, Bao Dai, are said to have been subject to this streament.

For the greatest part of the CIA's activity can be considered ligitimate and effective, the paper claims. It thinks here of such achievements as the listening turned under test Berlin or the publication of Khrushchev's "secret talk" against turned in 1956. The doubts arise, when the CIA's political part overshadows the espionage, especially because it appears that a certain political line generally is followed, namely anti-Communism of the hard Goldwater kind.

In the dosens of "black" actions, during which the CIA installed presidents on the Philippine Islands, organized the Ngo family's private police in Saigon, and trained sents on Taiwan, the CIA's primitive, one-sided political judgment forms the contrast to its technical ability. The CIA sopperates hard with Latin Latin police for the suppression of "Castrolat" students organizations—but never with Spanish students against the Pranco tegins.

It is especially disturbing, that the methods often approach the methods known from the CIA's Soviet opponent, the KGB. According to The New York Times, as much as 75 per cent of the staff with some American embassies consist of intelligence people—they are easy to recognise, it is claimed, because they have the most money and the most elegant cars. Like the KGB, the CIA shows an irresistable desire to infiltrate everything and everybody, which does not only apply to such enterprish the RGB free Furope in munich, but also the police in Africa and Western institutional forming opinion.

## The Congress for Cultural Freedom

The paper makes a sensational Statement to the effect that the CIA supported the liberal Congress for Cultural Freedom financially and also publications, such as the Incounter, which are connected with the Congress. After Figures protests from producer, which are connected with the Congress, after Figures protests from producer, which as J.K. Galbraith and Arthur M. Scalesinger, the editors had to apologize. The New York Times gives no source for its accusation, which might be based on the fact that the Congress, which for some time was financed by the Ford Foundation, followed a peculiar left oriented and anti-Communist line, which often was close to american interests. Sometimes this was reflected in a lack of consequence. The Procunter and its sister publications, such as the Prench retwest and the German Der Fonat, took up an intransigent attitude toward Castro but was sympathetic toward for example african one-varty regimes and Hast Purope.

After the Procunter has become independent it is also far more critical toward the mited States! Vietnam policy

On the whole, there is no doubt about the CIA's efforts to influence the American rublic opinion, which the scandal about the Foreign Affairs is only one enough of Information brought recently a report about the CIA's infiltration of the intermetional aid and study program at the hichigan State University. Now the famous l'assachusett's Institute of Lechnology has declared, that it no longer wants to receive financial support from the CIA, as this often leads to "misunderstandings".

The other day the ClA had to agreer in an American case, when an istonian refuger sued another Retonian for slander—the accused had namely thrown suspicion on
him in Baltic exile circles as being a Soviet spy. It appeared that the defendant
acted in his function as a C.a agent, he got five advocates at his disposal and was
freed from witnessing. Although this concerned the violation of an American citizen's adjutitational rights, the ClA's immunity was acknowledged.

# The Monarch and the House Sparrow

Simultaneously with this test case there appeared another example of how the Approved For Release 2003/12/02 : CIA-RDP75-00001R000100300014-9

Clarent soller learn Marie François de Marin de Montgarin, played in this adventure.
They amugilar Mespons and old Mombers to Mortgaria all Montgaria to the suppression of the liberty movement in angols and servers to the suppression of the liberty movement in angols and servers this to will be the present of the liberty movement in angols and servers this to will be the present of the liberty movement and approach the clare has demonstrated bear this to will be the destroys and approach argues by using his code scenarios and approach and approach as a special process.

establishing effective control of the CIA. A total of 130 resolutions about this subject were made in the Congress. After the Swine far affair the "charming and imaginative" absolute monarchy was replaced by the oil billionaire, McCone, and later by Admiral William Raborn. The CIA and the other intelligence organs are supervised by the so-called "Group 54-12"—called so because it was formed in December 1954—consisting of prominent officials from the State Department and the defense and of the president's personal advisors in intelligence matters. A total of four Congress committees are taking care of the public control.

The Congress is still almost powerless, partly because it is told only what the Cla chief tells it partly because of the reactionary saniority system, which reserves the compittee posts for the eldest and most conservative members. The control problem, however, goes down deeper. Even under ideal circumstances a parliamentary control would conflict with the American principle that foreign politics is the president's personal competence; you cannot vote about underground actions.

an effective, administrative control has often been opposed by the president himself. How ever furious kennedy was after the Cuban invasion, he nevertheless decided hereign deprive the CIA of its right to underground actions, but only to reduce them to that the "laugibly deniable" after as

American opinion that the intelligence service is a large-scale industry.

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The CIA was founded as an answer to the great Soviet estionage offensive in the fourties and also at a time when the real threat already was over. Since then the CIA has actually had too little to do, too much money, and too much rower.

Under the influence of this Parkinson's law the espionage center in washington has developed surprisingly similar to the Soviet MB to a reactionary, political group of power, which is equipped with executive rights and chases an imaginary threat. Under the Soviet dictatorship, it can be claimed, control is easier to maintain as the KGB already has the disposal of the authority, which the CIA tries to win under scandalous forms and mostly unsuccessfully.

ciety automatically is inclined by the spirit of democracy. All secret organizations are autocratic —they are indeed from the spirit actuate and point of the this "privileged" position outside the spirit actuals men who describe the empire democratic system. This applies probably to by. Nielsen as well as to the empire on the follower river. The difference is just the evillable means, men and possibilities.

The foreign political adventures are just one expression for the CIA's uncertainty about what to do with the 3.5 billion kroner per year. Another and possibly more serious problem is the CIA's appearance as a domestic political pressure group. There is no lack of forces in the United States which share the CIA's view on the surrounding world as a Communist plot and which will prefer to meat the threat will the same methods. The official Vietnam hysteria in Manhington has activated the tendencies. But the present American debate about the CIA shows, that they no longer are allowed to expand. The time of conspiracies is over in the United States.

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